Early Pliocene arvicolid faunas from Eastern Europe

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The Lower Pliocene (Ruscinian) vole record of Eastern Europe is limited in comparison to that of the later Pliocene interval, the Villanyian. Most Ruscinian arvicolids finds come from the southwestern part of Eastern Europe. The materials at my disposal, which had already been briefly reviewed (VANGENGEIM et al. 1995; Pevzner et al. 1996), indicate a succession of arvicolids with an increasing

degree of hypsodonty and morphological differentiation. The detailed analysis of this material documents the early radiation and gradual evolution of mainly endemic lineages of *Plio*mys and *Dolomys*.

The studied succession can be divided into several intervals, separated by considerable temporal gaps, as presented in the following table:

Biostratigraphical interval	relevant sites (palaeomagn. interval)	significant taxa
Early Ruscinian (MN14a)	Novaya Andriashevka	Promimomys insuliferus
second half of the Early Ruscinian	Grebeniki 2	Promimomys ex gr. antiquus
early Late Ruscinian (MN15a)	Budej	Promimomys moldavicus
Late Ruscinian (MN15b)	Lucheshty 7 and Etulya/lower levels (both Late Gilbert Chron)	advanced forms of <i>Promimomys</i> moldavicus (in transition to Pliomys kowalskii) and large Promimomys sp.
terminal Ruscinian	Odessa Catacombs (Late Gilbert Chron)	Pliomys kowalskii

Fig. 1
Early Pliocene Arvicolid succession in Eastern Europe.

Acknowledgement The work is supported by the RFBR project no. 02-05-65126.

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